

Course No: DMEC 1105
Course Title: Nursing Ethics
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Time: 1hour
Using Calculator (No)

University of Palestine



Nursing Ethics
Midterm Exam
1st 2013/2014

Instructor Name:Mr.Eyad Elbayary
Student No.: _____
Student Name: _____
College Name: _____
Dep. / Specialist: _____
Using Dictionary (No)
Total Grade:40

I. Circle the most correct answer:(20 marks)

1. Ethics originated from a Greek word "Ethos" meaning :
 - a) Custom
 - b) Habit
 - c) Conduct
 - d) All of the above

2. What makes an action moral or not??
 - a) The act itself "What"
 - b) The motive "Why"
 - c) The circumstances: when, where, how, to whom and how often
 - d) All of the above

3. The action itself is judged to be morally right or wrong after consideration of individual rights, duties, and obligations that apply in the situation in which type of the Ethical Theories
 - a) Deontological theories
 - b) Principle based theories
 - c) Relational or caring theories
 - d) A and b

4. Describes expected professional behaviors established in ethical codes is :
 - a) Rights
 - b) Values
 - c) Statement of etiquette
 - d) Attitude

5. Standards of right and wrong learned by socialization and based on religious believes:
 - a) Morals
 - b) Values
 - c) Statement of etiquette
 - d) Non of the above

6. The morally *good* act is the one that shows caring and concern for other people and what might be important to them in which type of the Ethical Theories
 - a) Deontological theories
 - b) Teleological or utilitarian theories
 - c) Relational or caring theories
 - d) All of the above

7. Concepts or ideals that give meaning to life and provide framework for decisions and action are:

- a) Morals
- b) Accountability
- c) Laws
- d) Values

8. Rules of social conduct designed to prevent the actions of infringing on the right of others:

- a) Accountability
- b) Believes
- c) Morals
- d) Rights

9. Entitlements that one deserves according to just claims, legal guarantee, or moral lower principles:

- a) Accountability
- b) Believes
- c) Morals
- d) Rights

10. Freedom of choice (cloths) considered which type of right categories:

- a) Option rights
- b) Welfare rights
- c) Ethical rights
- d) None of the above

11. Freedom of Speech considered which type of right categories:

- a) Option rights
- b) Welfare rights
- c) Ethical rights
- d) None of the above

12. "Health care " considered which type of right categories:

- a) Option rights
- b) Welfare rights
- c) Ethical rights
- d) Non of the above

13. Situation requires a choice between two equally unfavorable alternatives:

- a) Accountability
- b) Rights
- c) Statement of etiquette
- d) Ethical dilemma

14. The term which means answerability or responsibility is:

- a) Accountability
- b) Rights
- c) Believes
- d) Non of the above

15. Responsibility for one self and patient considered which type of Accountability:

- a) Personal Accountability
- b) Personal Accountability
- c) a and b
- d) Non of the above

16. Manner , way, position and feeling toward a person is:

- a) Accountability
- b) Rights
- c) attitudes
- d) Non of the above

17. Building blocks of attitude, the strength of attitude depends on how strongly beliefs are held to the extent to which they are consistent to each other:

- a) Accountability
- b) Statement of etiquette
- c) Beliefs
- d) Attitudes

18. The term means 'the greatest good for the greatest number' is:

- a) Respect
- b) Paternalism
- c) Egoism
- d) Utilitarianism

19. The term means "the right to maximize personal benefits" is :

- a) Respect
- b) Paternalism
- c) Egoism
- d) Non of the above

20. Nursing need Ethics for?

- a) Guidance
- b) Rationalization
- c) Providing a board for basic assumption
- d) All of the above

II. Match the following terms in the column (A) with their meanings in the column (B): (20 marks)

Column (A)

1. Autonomy
2. Beneficence
3. Nonmaleficence
4. Justice
5. Veracity
6. Confidentiality
7. Respect
8. Altruism
9. Paternalism
10. Fidelity

Column (B)

- () Feeling with trust." don't tell anyone about patient's chart or secrets".
- () Obligation to loyal for the patient , community and profession." keeping ones promises teach or guide the patient well and supervise him".
- () For patient autonomy , dignity and liberty. " respect pt customs and religion during treatment".
- () Right to make decisions about one's health care "consent form".
- () Obligation to do good and not harm(do only good).
" vaccination, health education, immunizations"
- () Obligation to tell the truth " don't lie, giving false results".
- () Protect the weak people in the community. " protect the children , handicapped, geriatrics and being present during emergencies".
- () Don't harm, prevent harm." Prevent cross infection"
- () Protect the community and meet the health needs.
" concern for welfare of others".
- () Be fair equitable to all patients " provide Nsg care to all regardless of ability of pay".

انتهت الأسئلة بحمد الله

مع أطيـب تمنياتي للجميع بالتوفيق والنجاح

أ.إيـاد سمير البيـاري