Course No: MIS 4318
Course Title: IT Planning &

Management

Date: **Monday 18 / 5 / 2015**No. of Questions: **(6)**

Time: 2 Hours

University of Palestine



Final Exam 2nd Semester 2014/2015 Dr. Naji Shukri Alzaza
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Student Name:

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Total Grade: (55) Marks

YOU HAVE TO ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

Quest	tion 1	1: Choose the correct answer. (16 Marks,	l for each)			
1.	Analytical processing, sometimes referred to as business intelligence, includes						
	1	Datamining	2	Querying			
	3	Answers 1, 2	4	None of Above			
2.	_	pplementary activity to transaction pralysis of accumulated data.	ocessing	is called, which involves the			
	1	Analytical processing	2	Transactional processing			
	3	Answers 1, 2	4	None of Above			
3.		is refered to the long-range wi	reless net	work.			
	1	Wi-Fi	2	WLAN			
	3	WiMAX	4	WAN			
4.	In	known as the sellers are org	anization	s, and the buyers are individuals.			
	1	B2B	2	B2C			
	3	C2B	4	C2C			
5.	In sup	known as consumers make opliers compete to provide it.	known a	particular need for a product or service, and			
	1	B2B	2	B2C			
	3	C2B	4	C2C			
6.	Str	ategies and approaches for Acquiring IT	Applicati	ions include			
	1	Buying	2	Leasing			
	3	Developing	4	All of above			
7.	The	e major approaches to in-house developn	nent are	·			
	1	Building from scratch	2	Building from components			
	3	Answers 1, 2	4	None of above			

0.	_	supply chains.						
	①	Multinational	2	Global				
	3	Overseas	4	None of above				
9 is the combination of social, legal, economic, physical, and political factor business activities.								
	①	Market Pressures	2	Business Pressures				
	3	Technology Pressures	4	Societal Pressures				
10.	enable organizations to provide superb customer service and prevent losing customers to competitors.							
	①	Strategic Systems	2	Mass Customization				
	3	Make-to-Order	4	Customer Focus				
11.	Why should you learn about Information Technology (IT)?							
	①	IT is essential for work in organizations ②	IT imp	pacts employees' health and safety				
	3	Answers 1, 2	4	None of above				
12.	is an elementary description of things, events, activities, and transactions that are recorded, classified, and stored, but not organized to convey any specific meaning.							
	1	Data	2	Information				
	3	Knowledge	4	None of above				
13.		ese systems access, organize, summarize cision making in the functional areas:	*	display information for supporting routine				
	①	Management Information Systems (MIS)	2	Transaction Processing System (TPS)				
	3	Decision Support Systems (DSS)	4	Intelligent Support Systems (ISS)				
14.	•	includes all the processes involved in delivering the products to final customers.						
	①	Upstream supply chain	2	Downstream supply chain				
	3	Internal supply chain	4	None of Above				
15.		is/are common way to classify i ich are the core of the architecture.	nforma	tion architecture is by computing paradigms,				
	①	PC-LAN Environment	2	Legacy systems				
	3	Answers 1, 2	4	None of Above				
16.	•	can classify as problems of Wi-Fi.						
	①	Security and Roaming	2	Cost				
	3	Answers 1, 2	4	None of Above				

Question 2: Identify which statement is <u>True</u> and which is <u>False</u>. (20 Marks, 1 for each) 1. When you fail to plan, you plan to fail. 2. ____ WiMAX coverage is less than Wi-Fi. 3. Build software from scratch is an expensive and slow process, but it will provide the best fit. 4. Outsourcing is when an organization acquires IT applications or services from outside contractors or external organizations. 5. Application service provider (ASP) manages application servers from a centrally controlled location rather than at a customer's site **6.** Return on investment measures the effectiveness of management in generating profits with its available assets. 7. A business model is a method of doing business by which a company can't generate revenue to sustain itself. 8. ____ Digital infrastructures provide a global platform over which people and organizations interact, communicate, collaborate, and search for information. 9. TPS automates routine and repetitive tasks that are critical to the operation of the organization, such as preparing a payroll, billing customers, Point-of-Sale, and Warehouse operations 10. Expert systems provide the stored knowledge of experts to non experts, so the latter cannot solve difficult or time-consuming problems. 11. LAN file server is a repository of various software and data files for the network 12. Wide area networks (WANs) are private, data-only networks managed by outside third-parties that provide these networks to multiple organizations. 13. Type of network topologies ring that all network nodes connect to a single computer, typically the file server. 14. Intra-organizational commerce is an organization uses EC internally to improve its operations. 15. Electronic bartering is a market mechanism by which sellers place offers and buyers make sequential bids.

16.	Reverse auctions are auctions where sellers place items at sites for auction and buyers bid					
	continuously for the items.					
17.	Users cannot roam from hotspot to hotspot if the hotspots use different Wi-Fi network services					
18.	Market, technology, and societal pressures are factors that affect the business pressures.					
19.	Generally, m-commerce is the next generation of e-commerce.					
20.	In e-commerce environment, many supply chain activities, from taking customers' orders to procurement, can be conducted electronically.					
	on 3: describe the following terms: (8 Marks, 2 for each) E-Business:					
2.	M-Business:					
3.	Business model:					
4.	ERP or enterprise systems:					
Questi	on 4: List 3 cases of Acquisition in Information Technology industry. (3 Marks, 1 for each)					

Question 5: Discuss the System Development Teams. (5 Marks, 1 for each)
Question 6: Briefly, present one case study for utilizing IT in the organizations . (3 Marks)
======= BEST WISHES =========