


Course No: TEC1304
Course Title: Understanding Telecom.
Date: 21 / 05/ 2013
No. of Questions: 4
Time: 2 hours
Using Calculator (YES)

University of Palestine

FINAL Exam
2012/2013
Total Grade: 100

Instructor Name: Dr. Anwar Mousa
Student No.: _____
Student Name: _____
College Name: Faculty of IT
Dep. / Specialist: _____
Using Dictionary (No)

• Answer all Questions

First Question	No. of Branches (2)	(20/100)
----------------	---------------------	----------

Q1 B1 (10/20)

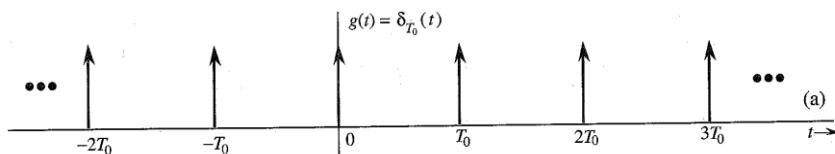
Compare the expressions of the trigonometric Fourier series for a signal $g(t)$ and the compact trigonometric Fourier series.

Q1 B2 (10/20)

Show the relation between the coefficients of the exponential Fourier series and the compact trigonometric Fourier series for a signal

Second Question	No. of Branches (1)	(25/100)
-----------------	---------------------	----------

Q2 B1



For the above periodic impulse train:

- Find the compact Fourier series and sketch the corresponding spectra.
- Find the exponential Fourier series and sketch the corresponding spectra.
- Compare the two spectra.

Third Question	No. of Branches (3)	(25/100)
----------------	---------------------	----------

Q3 B1 (5/25)

Find the Fourier transform of $\delta(t)$


Q3 B2 (10/25)

Find the Fourier transform of the sinusoid $\delta(t - t_0)$

Q3 B3 (10/25)

Find the inverse Fourier transform of $\delta(\omega - \omega_0)$.

Course No: TEC1304
Course Title: Understanding Telecom.
Date: 21 / 05/ 2013
No. of Questions: 4
Time: 2 hours
Using Calculator (YES)

University of Palestine

FINAL Exam
2012/2013
Total Grade: 100

Instructor Name: Dr. Anwar Mousa
Student No.: _____
Student Name: _____
College Name: Faculty of IT
Dep. / Specialist: _____
Using Dictionary (No)

Fourth Question	No. of Branches (2)	(30/100)
-----------------	---------------------	----------

Q4 B1		(15/30)
--------------	--	----------------

If $g(t) \xrightarrow{FT} G(\omega)$ then find the Fourier Transforms (FT) of

- $g(-t)$
- $g(3t)$
- Based on $b.$, if a signal is compressed by a factor of 3 in time domain, explain what happens to its spectra (frequency domain).

Q4 B2		(15/30)
--------------	--	----------------

$g(t)$ is a power signal and input to a linear time-invariant system whose impulse response is $h(t)$. If $z(t)$ is the corresponding output:

- Express the output as a function of the input and impulse response in time and frequency domains
- Find out the power spectral density of the output signal. And write down the power expression of the output signal as a function of the power spectral density.

End of Questions

Good Luck